4.3 Mixed & Entire Radicals

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Just like fractions, equivalent expressions for any # have the same value

EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\sqrt{16.9} = \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{9}$$
 $= \sqrt{144} = 4 \cdot 3$
 $= 12 = 12$

Same for
$$\sqrt[3]{8.27} = \sqrt[3]{8} \cdot \sqrt[3]{27}$$

whole roots = $\sqrt[3]{216} = 2 \cdot 3$

MULTIPLICATION OF RADICACS

$$nab = na \cdot nb$$

n is a natural # (set of #1,2,3...)
a and b are real # (rational i irrational)

Mixed Radical

Entire Radical

Mixed Fraction 7√3

147 no # in front of the radical

3=

Ex#1 Express your answer as a mixed radical

$$\begin{array}{rcl} (a.) & \sqrt{24} & = & \sqrt{4.6} \\ & = & \sqrt{4.76} \\ & = & 2.76 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} (b.) & \sqrt[3]{24} & = & \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 3} \\ & = & \sqrt[3]{3} \\ & = & 2\sqrt[3]{3} \end{array}$$

We can also use prime factorization to simplify a radical

Ex.#3 Simplify each radical

Ex. #4 Write each mixed radical as an entire radical

(a)
$$7\sqrt{3}$$
 (b) $2\sqrt[3]{4}$ (c) $2\sqrt[5]{3}$ = $\sqrt{2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot4}$ = $\sqrt[5]{2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot2\cdot3}$ = $\sqrt{147}$ = $\sqrt{8\cdot4}$ = $\sqrt{32}$

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